- 1) Among the differences between fatty acid biosynthesis and fatty acid oxidation is the fact that:
 - a. Biosynthesis proceeds in the mitochondria and oxidation in the sytosol
 - b. Biosynthesis uses NADH and oxidation uses FAD
 - c. Malonyl-CoA is an intermediate in oxidation, but not in biosynthesis
 - d. The acyl group form different thioester in biosynthesis and oxidation
- 2) Which of the following is a glucocorticoids?
 - a. Cholic acid
 - b. Cortisone
 - c. Cholesterol
 - d. Aldosteron
- 3) Which of the following enzymes and coenzyme pairs required for the first oxidative step in the β -oxidation of fatty acids?
 - a. 3-ketoacyl-CoA dehydrogenase and NAD+
 - b. Acyl-CoA dehydrogenase and FAD
 - c. 3-hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase and NAD+
 - d. Beta-ketothiolase and CoASH

- 6) Which of the following pairs of compounds are derived from cholesterol?
 - a. Progesterone and aldosterone
 - b. Cortisone and glycogenin
 - c. Glycocholate and glycogenin
 - d. Mevalonate and estradiol
- 7) Which of the following is CORRECT about the beta oxidation of arachidic acid [20:0]
 - a. Its complex oxidation requires 10 molecules of water
 - b. Its complex oxidation produces 9 CoA molecules
 - c. Occurs in 9 cycles
 - d. Occurs in the cell cytosol
- 8) Each of the following can be synthesized from cholesterol EXCEPT:
 - a. Insulin
 - b. Progesterone
 - c. Cholic acid
 - d. Testosterone
- 9) Free fatty acids required by cells are obtained from all of the following sources EXCEPT:
 - a. Hydrolysis of triacylglyceride
 - b. Hydrolysis of phospholipids
 - c. Internal biosynthesis
 - d. Hydrolysis of sphingosine
- 10) Free fatty acids obtained from hydrolysis of triacylglycerol can undergo all the following process EXCEPT:
 - a. Re-use by cells for different purposes
 - b. Conversion into acetyl-CoA in cytosol
 - c. Conversion into acetyl-CoA in mitochondria
 - d. Complete oxidation

Which of the following is NOT an intermediate in the biosynthesis of cholesterol? 11) a. Malonyl-CoA b. Acetoacetyl-CoA c. Mevalonate d. Sequalene The first condensation step in the biosynthesis of fatty acid occurs between? 12) a. Acetyl group bounded to the enzyme synthase and malonyl group bounded to acyl carrier protein b. Acetyl group bounded to the acyl carrier protein and malonyl group bounded to coenzyme A c. Acetyl group bounded to the coenzyme A and malonyl group bounded to acyl carrier protein d. Both acetyl and malonyl groups bound to acyl carrier protein What is the net number of ATP produced from the complete oxidation of 13) butanoic acid [C4:0] into CO2 and H2O? a. 18 b. 20 c. 22 d. 24 Regarding the Ketone bodies, which of the following statements is INCORRECT? 14) a. They are formed mainly in the liver and used by other organs b. Their presence in the blood causes ketoacidosis c. They are water insoluble d. They can be used by heart muscles as a source of energy 15) In human cells acetyl-CoA can be used for the synthesis of the following compounds EXCEPT: a. Malonyl-CoA b. Acetone c. Pyruvate d. Cholesterol

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- 16) The reaction β -enoyl-CoA $\rightarrow \beta$ -hydroxyacyl-CoA take place in:
 - a. Beta-oxidation of fatty acids
 - b. Alcohol fermentation
 - c. Pentose phosphate pathway
 - d. Ketone bodies synthesis
- Which of the following is NOT an intermediate in the biosynthesis of cholesterol?
 - a. Beta-hydroxybutyrate
 - b. Acetoacetyl-CoA
 - c. Mevalonate
 - d. Sequalene
- 18) Which of the following statements is CORRECT about β-oxidation of cis-vaccinic acid [16:1 Δ 11]
 - a. Occurs in 8 cycles
 - b. It does not undergo complete oxidation
 - c. Require cis-trans isomerase
 - d. Occurs in cytosol
- 19) Which of the following is necessary for fatty acid biosynthesis?
 - a. NADPH
 - b. NADH
 - c. NAD+
 - d. NADP+
- 20) The last carrier of the malonyl group during fatty acid biosynthesis is:
 - a. CoA-SH
 - b. Beta-ketoacyl-S-ACP synthase [HS-HSase]
 - c. ACP-SH
 - d. Biotin

<u>21)</u>	The essential fatty acid from the following is:
a.	Stearate
b.	Oleate
c.	Linoleate
d.	Palmitate
a. b. c. d. 23)	How many ATP molecules are produced from complete oxidation of acetoacetate the brain 20 ATP 10 ATP 7.5 ATP 15 ATP Which of the following statements about beta-oxidation is INCERRECT? It occurs in the mitochondrial matrix
b.	It start at the methyl group
	It is an oxidation process
d.	It requires carnitine
<u>24)</u>	Which of the following enzymes catalyzes the rate limiting step in the cholestero
sy	nthesis?
a.	Acetyl-CoA carboxylase
	Citrate lyase
	HMG-CoA reductase -
d.	Mevalonate kinase
<u>25)</u>	Under starvation conditions acetoacetate is the preffered source of energy in:
	Brain
	Liver
	Heart muscle
d.	Red blood cells
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- Which of the following statements is NOT CORRECT regarding lipid metabolism? <u> 261</u>
 - a. It represent a more efficient way of energy storage than carbohydrate
 - b. Epinephrine decreases lipid catabolism
 - c. Fatty acids are the main source of energy in lipid metabolism
 - d. Bile acids are derived from cholesterol
- 27) Which of the following statements is NOT CORRECT regarding activation of fatty acid for catabolism?
 - a. It occurs in the cytosol
 - b. It releases pyrophosphate
 - c. It is catalyzed by acyl-CoA synthetase enzyme
 - d. It produces acetyl-CoA
- 28) Which of the following statements is CORRECT regarding ketone bodies?
 - a. They arise when excessive intake of carbohydrate compared to fat
 - b. They arise when an excess of acetyl-CoA produced from beta-oxidation of fatty acids and shortage of oxaloacetate in the cells
 - c. They are formed in the cytosole
 - d. Causes a condition called alkalosis
- During fatty acid synthesis, chain lengthening and formation of double bonds 29) occur in
 - a. Endoplasmic reticulum
 - b. Cytosol
 - c. Mitochondrial matrix
 - d. Mitochondrial intermembrane space
- Presence of high cholesterol in the cells causes all of the following EXCEPT: 30)
 - a. Activate acyl-CoA:cholesterolacyltransferase
 - b. Inhibit HMG reductase
 - c. Inhibit synthesis of mevalonate
 - d. Activate synthesis of LDL-receptors

