## **Dressing**

## Purpose:

- to promote wound healing & to assess the healing process
- to absorb any drainage-remove secreaction ( to control bleeding or any extra injury)
- to prevent infection or transmission of bacteria+remove for dead cells
- to protect the wound from mechanical trauma
- to reduce pain & discomfort (make the Pt feel comfort :") )
- to make abarrier against contamination
- to improve the circulation of the blood
   " Do not forget the 6 steps ;) "

## assessment:

• assess the wound location & size (length &depth )& borders & shape to choose the type of gauze plus check the nature of the wond if it open or close !+ check the bad oders

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- check the hospital policy" لانه في بعض المستشفيات الطبيب الذي يعمل

  Dresing: ") "- check the doctor medical regarding ( the type of solution )+ frequency " عدد مرات عمل ال
- ullet signs & symptoms of infection ( hotness , redness , swelling
- client allergies to wound client agent ( الطبية المريض لبعض المنظفات )

- risk factors for impaired wound healing ( obesity , DM patient ,poor nutritional states / low immunity
- asset the level of comfort & the need of analgesic

## equipments:

- cleaning solution (normal saline)
- iodine \* tape " plaster"
- clean gloves
- sterile gloves
- sterile dressing set ( gauze squares , kidney basin , forceps , clamp, container for the cleaning solution (2 galley pot ) , scissors)
- draw sheet \* sponge forceps + clam \* medical waste "کیس النفایات الطبیه"

## implementation:

- recheck the client name
- determine any specific order about the wound & dressing

- do the five steps
- tell the client never touch the wound area & sterile package
- put the basket in a place easily to reach
- assist the client to a comfortable position
- wear the clean gloves
- put the draw sheet
- critical point ( put the normal saline on the tape to remove it easily & without pain to the client)
- remove the tape with the direction of the hair growth, parallel to the skin, toward the dressing & away from the client face
- remove the gauze & assess the odor, color, amount of drainage
- press on the area around the wond to assest the pain -see the facial expression, assest the temperature
- don't forget to assess the wound for any signs & symptoms of infection
- put the gauze inside the gloves & remove it
- critical point (open the sterile package over bed table )
- use the sponge to catch the sterile equipment in the package المسك الأدوات ورتبها باستخدام سبونج
- discard the first amount of solution then put the normal saline in the galley pot & the other one iodine ( یجب ان نصب والید بعیدة ۱۰ سم عن )
   الوعاء المعقم )
- medical hand washing!
- wear the sterile gloves
- باليود اغمسها clamp وباستخدام forceps باستخدام gauze اطوي •

- ابدأ التنظيف من المكان الاقل تلوثا الى الاكثر تلوثا أي من الداخل الى الخارج وبحركة دائرية واستخدم القطنة مرة واحدة لكل مسحة ثم غيرها
- كرر العملية نفسها ولكن باستخدام النورمال سلاين
- لتنشيف الجرح بنفس الطريقة السابقةdry gauzeاستخدم
- Put the clean gauze
- Remove the sterile gloves
- Put the tape on the gauze
- put the client in comfort position
- return the equipment
- perform hand hygiene & document any abnormal things

#### Nursing diagnosis:

- \* Acute pain.
- \* Risk for infection.
- \* Impaired skin integrity.
- \* Deficit knowledge regarding dressing application.

#### Documentation:

	Date & time	Note	Signature
	9/12/2009	Dressing was done for Pt. post	
Indha.72	10.15 am	appendectomy, the incision was 12 cm,	sureis.
1100/1/7	AAAAAAA 1 CI	9 sutures, wound was clean, no	Timphi
		discharge, no redness, no swelling or	
		hotness, dry dressing under sterile	Name
		technique was done, Pt. is comfort, no	J.U.S.T
		pain	

## **Bandaging**

#### Purpose:

- Reduce pain & discomfort
- Fix immobilization- decrease the pain
- Help in limited motion support any joints or effected parts "مثل
   ) التواء الكاحل
   ) الكاحل
- To secure dressing or any imputation area
- Sometimes make pressure to prevent bleeding

#### Assessment:

- the region , location, size
- medical order regarding" to know bandaging type which I should use "
- patient level of comfort
- adequate circulation for the area ( pulse, temperature , skin color ,nail color ) تأكد من تروية الدم تحت المنطقة اذا في ازرقاق ( cyanosis ) ويتأكد من ال Radial pulse
- make sure that the skin should be clean & dry
  make sure that the joint should be supported & slight flex
  position

## • \* types of bandaging :

- 1-circular
- "حلزوني يغطي منطقه اكبر وما بدي يكون في ضغط كبير عليها "Z- spiral"

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- "عكسي \_ في حال بدي اعمل ضغط أكثر!" "3-spiral reverse
- أو الكاحل \_elbow الذات مثل منطقة الكوع \_ d-figure of eight
- \* note: joints area during bandaging are not included :")
- 5- recurrent متكرر في حالات البتر

#### Implementation:

- five steps
- put the client in comfortable position
- ـ أمسك لفة الباندج في يدك التي تستخدمها دائما (dominant hand)، واستخدم يدك الأخرى لتمسك طرف الباندج، قم بلف طبقتين دائريتين حول الجزء المراد بينما ترجع لفة الباندج للـ dominant hand
  - ـ طبق الباندج من الجزء البعيد عن الجسم إلى القريب ( distal to proximal)

مثلا اليد: تبدأ من الأصابع باتجاه الذراع.

- \*\* تجنب شد الباندج كثيرا لأنه يمكن أن يسبب خدر (numbness)، ويؤثر سلبا على الـ circulation، ويسبب ضغطا على الأعصاب الطرفية (peripheral nerves )
- ـ اطوي اللفات بحيث تغطي اللفة الجديدة ثلثي اللفة السابقة تقريبا (two thirds)
  - <mark>، فيب</mark>قى ثلث من السابقة ظاهرا .
  - ـ ثبّت الباندج بـ clip أو لاصق (tape)

Noun 1. circular bandage – Bandage turn overlapping previous turn completely.



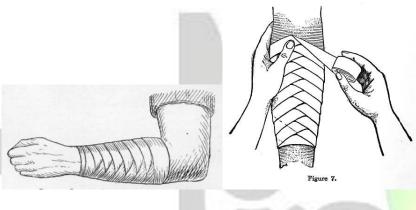


Noun 2.

spiral bandage - an oblique bandage in which successive turns overlap preceding turns

oblique bandage - a bandage in which successive turns proceed obliquely up or down a limb

# Noun 3. spiral reverse bandage – turn requiring twist of bandage (reversal) halfway through each turn.



Noun 4



Figure-eight turns – oblique overlapping turns alternately ascending and

descending over bandage apart; each turn crossing previous one to form figure eight.

#### Nursing diagnosis:

- Acute pain.
- Chronic pain.
- Impaired tissue integrity.
- Impaired physical mobility.

Deficit knowledge regarding bandage application.

#### Documentation:

Date & time	Note	Signature
2/12/2009	Spiral bandaging was done for Pt. after trauma,	
10.25 am	m complete tissue integrity, no discoloration, no	
	numbness, no swelling or hotness, adequacy of	Name
	circulation, Pt. is comfort, no pain	J.U.S.T

ابتسم فألوآآآن الحياة بين يديك :") بالتوفيق ان شاء الله

حنة التمريض فكرة تحيا على نبض قلوبكم



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